Name: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Crash Course World History #218

Luther and the Protestant Reformation

Key Concepts:

4.1: VIB--The practice of Christianity continued to spread throughout the world and was increasingly diversified by the process of diffusion and the Reformation.

**Directions:**

1. Read Key Concepts that will be discussed in the video.
2. Preview the video viewing questions.
3. Watch the video without taking any notes.
4. Watch the video a second time. Pause the video as needed so that you can answer the questions.
5. How did the Reformation change people’s way of looking at themselves and the world?
6. What was the scope of the Catholic Church’s power during the Middle Ages?
7. What disturbed Luther in 1505, when he was sent to Rome on a diplomatic mission?
8. What was revealed to Luther in St. Paul’s epistles about how one obtains salvation?
9. What are indulgences and why was Friar Tetzel selling them? How much would an indulgence cost?
10. What was Luther’s response to this sale of indulgences?
11. What other arguments did Luther make concerning the Church?
12. Why did Luther’s ideas spread so quickly?
13. Why did Luther translate the Bible into German?
14. Who else started reading and interrupting the Bible, causing further schisms in the Christian Church?
15. How were the Anabaptists different from other Christian sects?
16. What religious/political mayhem developed during this period?
17. “What started as a doctrinal dispute turned into a social revolt, and in 1525, German peasants took up Luther’s ideas to give voice to longstanding grievances against landlords and clergymen.” Explain the result of the Peasant’s Revolt.
18. Why did Henry VIII of England break with the Pope? What church did he establish?
19. What does Albert Hohenzollern do to spread Protestantism in Prussia? How did this increase his power?